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FARGO SEED HOUSE

FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA.

THE SEED CORN PEOPLE





FARGO SEED HOUSE

Operated by Magill and Company

FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

JANUARY 20, 1921



IN presenting this issue of our 1921 FIELD SEED and SEED GRAIN price list, we wish to take the opportunity to thank all our old friends and customers for their past patronage. Profiting by our thirty-four years of experience as seedsmen in the Northwest we have improved our equipment and enlarged our facilities so that we can handle efficiently and promptly our ever-increasing business. We, therefore, welcome new trade connections as well as increased favors from old customers.

We fully appreciate our responsibility as seedsmen and have labored incessantly in improving and maintaining the quality of our seeds and can assure the trade that our greatest ambition shall be to deserve your confidence by striving ever to increase our present standard as to **QUALITY and SERVICE.**

Our old customers are well acquainted with our standards of quality and methods of doing business, but to our new and prospective customers we want to say that since our firm was first organized it has been our greatest desire to promote the interests of agriculture throughout the Northwest and to offer only such varieties of seeds as we know will do well and are adapted to your climatic conditions.

We have labored constantly to help produce and offer to the trade improved varieties of seed grain, grass seeds and seed corn and we do feel that these new varieties together with the general high standard of quality which we know to be represented in every shipment which we make, have been in a large degree reflected in the continued prosperity of the Northwest.

When purchasing seed grain do not overlook the fact that this is your most important annual investment, that the best suited varieties and choicest quality cost very little more per acre than the ordinary seed, yet the extra profit is enormous as you are thus insured larger yields, better quality and cleaner fields, all of which requires no greater expenditure for labor and machinery.

We are located in the very heart of the great Northwest where most small grains reach their highest state of maturity and have built our vast volume of business through the reputation which follows the furnishing of these choicest of seed grains which can always be depended upon to produce a crop of the greatest vitality.

THE NORTH DAKOTA SEED LAW is one of the most strict of any in the United States, and as we are located here at Fargo under the very shadow of the State Control Seed Laboratories, our stocks are at all times subject to the most rigid inspection and it is our ambition that every shipment be of even higher quality than that prescribed by our **STATE PURE SEED LAW.**

NO WARRANTY.—We exercise extreme care in the filling of all orders, but we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to quality, description or productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds we send out, and will in no way be responsible for the crop.

This non-warranty is similar to that used by all seed dealers and we recommend that you test seeds on arrival and if they do not meet your requirements return them at once at our expense and we will cheerfully refund your money.

SAMPLES.—We furnish samples of our seed grain and field seeds, free of charge, to prospective buyers on request. When orders are placed from samples please give us approximate date you received the sample; also stock number.

ORDER EARLY.—Markets are very unsatisfactory and inactive this season, and as fancy stocks are going to be hard to replace, we strongly recommend that our customers place their orders early, thereby taking advantage of the low prices which we present in this first issue of our 1921 price list.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.—The prices quoted herein are based on market conditions at the time this list is issued and are subject to change without notice.

We do not alter prices except in extreme cases, so if your list is an old one and you have occasion to presume that the prices are either higher or lower, just write us for current list before ordering and we will supply one at once.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash must accompany order and should be in the form of money order or bank draft, or currency by registered mail. We will accept postage on remittances of \$1.00 or less if you find it more convenient to use this method.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.—But in the case of delay you will be notified by letter explaining cause of such delay and advised when shipment will be made.

If you do not hear from an order sent us, within a reasonable length of time, send us duplicate, stating amount of remittance, and be sure to give your name and full address.

We will appreciate your inquiries and are always glad to advise regarding the best crops and varieties for your particular soil and climatic conditions.

Assuring you that no order is too small to merit our most careful attention,

FARGO SEED HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 34 YEARS



FARGO SEED HOUSE



HOME GROWN SEED CORN.

Government statistics show that the Corn Crop of the past season was North Dakota's one crop which showed a normal yield as it suffered from neither drought or rust.

One of the surest avenues to successful farming is a sufficient corn acreage to insure an abundance of feed for your livestock. We can supply varieties which will thrive under our Northern climatic and soil conditions.

The bulk of our stocks have been grown from seed of our own selection and breeding, and the crops brought to the highest state of maturity under our personal supervision, after which they were gathered either in September or early in October, kiln dried, graded and tested, and you can depend on these varieties which we are offering to produce a matured crop next fall if given a reasonable season and proper cultivation.

With our increased facilities and improved modern methods of handling and curing, we have succeeded in saving a large stock of this excellent HOME GROWN CORN, all of which will show strong germination and is sure to please thousands of our most exacting customers.

You have no doubt experimented in past seasons with Southern Grown Seed Corn, and are well aware of the extra hazard being taken in planting any other than these HOME GROWN varieties, so to you who have experimented in the past let us appeal again this season to not be "sold" on the seed grown in the Southern or Central States.

Do not be deceived by the claims of Southern and Eastern dealers that North Dakota Corn is not fit for seed; we have labored on this problem for the past 22 years and have demonstrated conclusively that Northern Grown Corn can be dried artificially so that it makes excellent seed of the strongest vitality every season.

Our years of experience have taught us that one of the most important assets of the Seed Corn expert is his ability to intelligently advise what varieties are best adapted for certain localities. This we are able to do and you will always find us conservative in our recommendations and claims. This does not cover a crop guarantee, but under normal weather conditions, means we can recommend to you varieties which will not only mature but will produce the results you are looking for.

Grading.—The bulk of our Home Grown Seed Corn is grown by us under contract from seed of our own selection.

All corn is first selected at husking time, then a more careful selection is made when the ear corn goes to the driers, and once again when on the way from the driers to the shellers. Later, after shelling, the corn is graded to size and shape so that it will feed in the average corn planter to best advantage.

Testing.—All lots of seed corn are tested for germination when the drying process commences and we continue these tests at stated intervals up to and including time of delivery.

There is no crop produced here in the Northwest to which the ripening season is more vital, and hardness so prime an essential.

Try our "FARGO BRAND" Seed Corn this year and be convinced. When shelled it comes put up in seamless bags, for which we make an extra charge sufficient to cover actual cost.

NORTH DAKOTA GROWN CORN.

Northwestern Dent.—This variety is in a class by itself, being grown in many Northwestern localities to the exclusion of all other varieties as it consistently matures every season, furnishing not only a choice quality of grain but also an abundance of excellent fodder. The type has become well established being the result of a cross between a red flint and a yellow dent, retaining the early maturing characteristics of the former and high feeding qualities of the latter.

This seed we are offering comes from stock which we have been improving for many seasons past through most careful scientific selection until we now have a well established type of Red Corn which matures in 85 days, having ears of good size, averaging about nine inches long, bearing from ten to fourteen rows. Yields of seventy to seventy-five bushels per acre are not uncommon. Grown in Cass County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.75

Northwestern Dent, Improved.—A new variety bred up from Northwestern Dent, distinctive features being larger ears and taller stalks. Especially recommended for Central North Dakota. Grown in Sargent County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$3.00

North Dakota Golden Dent.—The earliest dent variety which has ever been produced. Beautiful yellow, well formed ears which grow well up on a rather slender stalk. Can readily be harvested with a corn binder. Much in demand with feeders for the early fall finishing of cattle. Grown in Sargent County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.75

Minnesota No. 13.—Leading standard variety which originated at the Minnesota Experiment Station and is especially noted for its early maturity, enormous productiveness and its adaptability to most soil and climatic conditions. Handsome yellow ears bearing from sixteen to twenty rows of wedge shaped kernels packed closely on the cob from butt to tip. Grown in Sargent County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.50

North Dakota White Dent.—The earliest of White Dents which matures in ninety days and consistently outyields the yellow dent varieties, especially when planted on poor, worn-out soils. Ears grow well up on stalk so that it can be harvested with binder. Grown in Cass County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.50

Gehu Flint.—One of the earliest and most popular varieties of flint corn grown in the Northwest. Kernels are a bright yellow and ears develop up high enough on stalk so that harvest can be accomplished with a binder under favorable growing conditions. Will mature in eighty days and yields of seventy bushels per acre are common. Grown in Burleigh County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.75

White Squaw Flint.—An extremely early maturing flint which is a very heavy yielder; very popular for "hogging off" as ears grow close to ground. This is a dwarf variety which is not especially recommended for the production of fodder, but is always sure to mature. Grown in Burleigh County.

Shelled, per bushel..... \$2.75

ALL PRICES F. O. B. FARGO OR MOORHEAD.



FARGO SEED HOUSE



MINNESOTA GROWN CORN.

Northwestern Dent.—This well known variety is being grown by us in Minnesota to meet demand from stock raisers for a large growing, leafy corn that will produce an abundance of high class fodder in addition to matured grain.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.50**

Minnesota No. 13.—The parent stock of this seed was propagated at the Minnesota Experiment Station and we have endeavored to retain the earliness and type by a constant, careful selection of seed. On a normal season this stock will mature in ninety days, and there is no variety which will produce a heavier yield. Grown in Sherburn County.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.25**

Minnesota No. 23.—An 85 day White Cap Yellow Dent Corn, which also originated at the Minnesota Experiment Station. Shapely, uniform ears well filled to tip and butt; especially adapted for Northwestern Minnesota soil and climatic conditions where it is generally accepted as the standard variety. Stalks grow about six feet high and the ear is borne approximately three feet from the ground, so that it is easily harvested with a corn binder. Grown in Sherburn County.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.50**

Rustler White Dent.—A heavy yielding, early variety which is well adapted to Northwestern conditions, being especially suited to South Central North Dakota, Northern South Dakota and Central Western Minnesota. Produces large, uniform ears which are closely filled with deep white kernels. The stock which we offer was awarded first premium at the Redwood County Fair, in which county it was grown.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.25**

Mercer Flint.—A magnificent extra early yellow variety, heavy yielder, producing ears about three feet from the ground on a very leafy stalk seven feet high, making this one of our most popular of the early maturing fodders. This variety matures in 85 days and is very prolific, yielding as high as one hundred bushels of sound, nicely shaped ears to the acre. Grown in Wright County.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.75**

Pop Corn, White Rice.—Choicest of rice shaped pearly white kernels. The most satisfactory of our early maturing, heavy yielding varieties for Northwestern conditions. Can be made one of your best paying crops, as a ready market is always available for popping purposes and as it can be planted much closer than the larger growing varieties, can be made to produce as high as eight tons of finest fodder per acre.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$2.50**

Pop Corn, Japanese Hulless.—This variety makes about 40 per cent more bulk when popped than other varieties, so can always be depended upon to bring the highest market values. Is hardy and always sure to mature, especially on the sandy lighter soils. Big money is often made on small ventures. Plant an acre or two and be convinced.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$7.50**

FODDER CORN—ALL SOUTHERN GROWN.

The sowing of fodder corn has become almost universal as it provides an excellent forage crop, producing more tons of feed per acre than any other grain or grass. Can be sown late in the season when other forage crops are a failure, also permitting of early summer tillage during May and June. All varieties which we offer below are especially adapted for Northwestern conditions and make ideal feed for all classes of livestock.

Mammoth Yellow Dent Fodder.—One of our most popular varieties which is growing in favor, its characteristics being a slender stalk with an abundance of leaves, thus producing a heavy tonnage of excellent quality fodder which is very high in food value, having well formed ears in addition to a well cured stalk.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$1.00**

Mammoth White Dent Fodder.—A tall growing, leafy variety with characteristics similar to the Mammoth Yellow. Should be drilled in at the rate of at least one bushel to the acre for best results, is easily harvested and makes an excellent quality of both fodder and silage.

Shelled, per bushel..... **\$1.00**

Evergreen Sweet Fodder Corn.—Is much in favor with dairy farmers as the feed is high in sugar content, when drilled in at the rate of 1½ bushels to the acre. Stalks are tall and slender, being covered with an abundant leafy growth which will not only increase but maintain a maximum flow of milk.

Shelled, per bushel of 45 lbs..... **\$3.00**

Sugar Cane.—Makes one of the very best crops of fodder when drilled with ordinary grain drill at the rate of 50-lbs. per acre; produces sweet, tender fodder, which is of high food value for cattle, horses and hogs, either as roughage or silage. Every Northwestern farmer should grow some, as it is a great drought resister and sure to provide a heavy tonnage of choice feed even with a rainfall way below normal.

Per 100 lbs..... **\$2.75**

Early Sugar Cane.—Grown in Minnesota during the past season. Reaches maturity earlier than the Southern grown seed, and in a favorable year will produce quantities of sugar or syrup.

Per 100 lbs..... **\$3.00**

Kaffir Corn.—Is constantly growing in favor with our Northern farmers, especially in the sub-arid districts as it is one of our greatest drought resisting forage crops. When drilled in rows at the rate of 30 lbs. per acre produces abundance of hay. Easily grown and makes one of the best fodders for horses and cattle when harvested just as it begins to tassel.

Per 100 lbs..... **\$2.60**

Sudan Grass.—A new annual forage crop of immense value to the West. It resembles Sugar Cane, but grows a finer stalk, and reaches a height of 6 to 9 feet. Sow 4 to 6 pounds of seed per acre in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, or drill 15 pounds per acre. One of our best drought resisting forage crops—heaviest yielding of any hay crops as it can be harvested with either a mower or binder, from two to three times per season.

Per 100 lbs..... **\$5.50**

Sunflower, Mammoth Russian.—Easily grown and makes an excellent addition to any poultry ration as the grain is very rich in both oil and protein. This variety is also being grown with success as a silage, especially in Western North Dakota and Montana.

Per 100 lbs..... **\$6.00**

SEAMLESS BAGS EXTRA 40 CENTS EACH.



FARGO SEED HOUSE



SEED GRAIN.

Ruby Wheat.—A heavy yielding hard wheat variety of excellent milling quality imported from Saskatchewan. Is showing the greatest rust resistance of any of the hard wheats at the Brandon Experiment Station and is about ten days earlier than Marquis.

Per bushel..... \$10.00

Red Bobs Wheat.—A good yielder among the hard wheat varieties at Brandon Experiment Station. Very early in maturity and destined to become popular in the Northwest.

Per bushel..... \$6.00

Canadian Marquis Wheat.—Well known variety which is hardy and a heavy yielder under favorable soil conditions.

Per bushel..... \$2.25

D-1 Amber Durum.—Commercially known as "MONAD," highly rust resistant, yielding an abundance of high milling quality wheat. Authorities say this is the best amber durum in the world.

Per bushel..... \$3.50

Acme Amber Durum.—A variety which has characteristics almost identical to D-1. Our supplies are South Dakota grown and of high quality. Very rust resistant.

Per bushel..... \$3.50

Black Chaff Amber Durum.—A heavy yielding variety of pronounced rust resistant qualities which thrives even in light sandy soils.

Per bushel..... \$2.75

Kubanka Amber Durum.—Growing rapidly in favor, especially in sub-arid districts. Straw is strong and healthy, resisting ordinary rust attacks.

Per bushel..... \$2.50

D-5 Rust Proof Red Durum Wheat.—This variety is growing in favor in North Dakota as it is immune to black rust and resists extremes of weather which no other wheats seem to endure. Not in favor with the millers but many farmers continue growing it as they are assured of heavy yields which mean satisfactory returns even though the price per bushel is below that of the Amber Durum and hard wheats.

Per bushel..... \$2.25

60-Day Oats.—One of the earliest varieties we have been able to produce, maturing in July, thus admitting of harvest before wild oats and other noxious weeds ripen. Outstanding as a heavy yielding variety. Sow early for best results.

Per bushel..... \$.75

Swedish Select Oats.—A very popular early variety, heavy yielder, even on light soils. Large branching heads filled with bright, plump grain. Stiff coarse straw and seldom lodges.

Per bushel..... \$.75

Victory Oats.—A new heavy yielding variety, early in maturity, reasonably free from smut and rust, does not lodge easily as straw is strong.

Per bushel..... \$.75

White Russian Oats.—A late side oat, very free from rust, heavy yielder and its wide range of adaptability to soil and climatic conditions makes it one of our most satisfactory varieties.

Per bushel..... \$.75

Big Four Oats.—Heavy branching, good yielder even in light soil. Stiff straw which withstands all ordinary storms.

Per bushel..... \$.70

Silver Mine Oats.—Early, heavy yielding variety which is noted for its quality. Seldom lodges as heads are borne low on a strong stiff stalk.

Per bushel..... \$.70

Oderbrucker Barley.—One of the favorite bearded six-row varieties which is pronounced in quality and yield, a heavy plump kernel excelling in feed value. In stiffness of straw and rust resistance it is superior to other varieties.

Per bushel..... \$1.25

Manshury Barley.—Early in maturity and vigorous of growth, yields an abundance of plump best quality grain. Straw is stiff and strong and has but seldom been known to lodge.

Per bushel..... \$1.15

Henschen 2-Row Barley.—Popular variety, propagated at the State Experiment Station. Heavy yielding.

Per bushel..... \$1.35

Beardless Barley.—Earliest known variety, heavy yielder, which is free from beards making it easy to handle and has straw of high feeding value.

Per bushel..... \$1.75

Hulless Barley.—This variety of barley is very popular with stockmen as it is both beardless and hulless. Weighs 60 pounds per measured bushel and is an enormous yielder; straw makes excellent hay.

Per bushel of 48 lbs..... \$1.50

Speltz.—Farmers in the Northwest cannot afford to be without it. It produces a good yield under adverse conditions, even where other crops often fail. It will stand more dry weather than any other grain crop as it is a good drought resister. It produces more food value per acre than any other of our grains and is a most valuable feed for all kinds of stock. The plant is almost entirely free from rust and smut and does not lodge.

Per bushel..... \$.90

Russian Flax.—The choicest of seed which has been grown on breaking, perfectly hardy for sowing any place in the Northwest, as it readily adapts itself to all soil conditions. Grow it on land which has not been recently planted to flax and be assured of a good yield.

Per bushel..... \$2.50

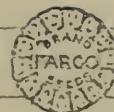
North Dakota Resistant No. 52 Flax.—This variety was bred up by Prof. H. L. Bolley of the N. D. Experiment Station for a wilt resistant variety. He commenced work on it in 1900 and first put the seed in the farmers' hands, in small quantities, in 1908. This is the eighth year we have been able to secure any of it to offer our customers and the supply is limited.

Per bushel..... \$2.75

ALL PRICES F. O. B. FARGO OR MOORHEAD.



FARGO SEED HOUSE



N. D. No. 114 Flax.—It is a hardy, heavy yielding strain. Among its strong points is its capacity for yield and grade, distinctive features being a small brown seed, one of the surely resistant varieties which is best adapted for heavy soil conditions in the Red River Valley. This variety has been known commercially but a few years and in fact was first distributed by the North Dakota Experiment Station so recently that there has been but little opportunity for it to become mixed with other varieties. This variety will retain its resistance to wilt just so long as the crop is properly handled and no mixing permitted. The stock we are offering was grown by one of North Dakota's most careful and expert seed growers and is known to be pure bred seed.

Per bushel..... \$2.75

Spring Rye.—One of the surest small grain crops for Northwestern farmers, as it can be relied on to produce profitable returns regardless of drought and other adverse climatic conditions, thriving even on light, sandy soils; very hardy and can be sown early, just as the frost is leaving the ground. We offer North Dakota grown stock of good quality.

Per bushel..... Ask for Price

Buckwheat.—Can be seeded very late and is of great value as a catch crop as it is often sowed in July; highly recommended to turn under when green; it smothers weeds and is fine for fertilizer.

Per 100 lbs..... \$3.00

Hog Pasture Mixture.—This mixture is made after a formula furnished by Government Experiment Station; produces abundance of highly nutritious pasturage.

Per 100 lbs..... \$4.00

Dwarf Essex Rape.—Furnishes an immense amount of green feed, and its feeding value is nearly twice that of clover. It may be sown any time from early spring until late in summer, with grain or alone. From 5 to 10 lbs. of seed per acre is sufficient, less if sown with grain.

Per 100 lbs..... \$9.50

Canada Field Peas.—Make an excellent feed for horses, sheep, hogs and milch cows; equal in feed value to corn and a month earlier in maturity. A crop which is profitable, also returns to the land abundance of nitrogen; can be grown under almost any soil and climatic conditions and second only to clover in soil enriching properties. Sow either alone or with oats or barley.

Per bushel..... \$3.25

Marrowfat Field Peas.—Very productive, rich cream color and Northern Minnesota grown. A heavy yielding variety well adapted to Northwestern conditions.

Per bushel..... \$4.00

Hemp Seed.—Being grown in the Northwest for fibre it should be seeded at about 30 lbs. per acre. Fine soiling crop and produces such a dense foliage that authorities recommend same in eradicating quack and other noxious weeds.

Per 100 lbs..... \$12.00

Winter Vetch.—Is one of our most valuable legumes which brings an enormous amount of fertility to the soil and provides fine pasturage.

Per 100 lbs..... \$18.00

White Navy Beans.—Choice hand picked, straight variety, stock grown in North Dakota.

Per bushel..... \$4.25

MILLET

Millets of all varieties, should be sown in North Dakota after June 1st, for best results.

German Millet, Home Grown.—One of the best varieties for hay making. An excellent cattle feed when cut just as it reaches full bloom. On rich soil will produce about four tons of hay per acre. Many localities in the Northwest grew a good crop of choice heavy seed the past season, which we are able to offer at reasonable prices.

Per 100 lbs..... \$2.75

German Millet, Southern Grown.—As most of the Northwestern millet acreage is for hay purposes we offer this Southern grown seed which grows much taller than home grown seed, thus producing a heavier, finer hay which makes the best of feed for dairy cows. On good rich soil this variety grows from four to five feet high and produces about five tons per acre.

Per 100 lbs..... \$3.50

Siberian Millet, Home Grown.—Our earliest maturing variety, extremely hardy, withstanding drought to a marked degree. Stools freely thus making hay of very choice quality which is high in food value as cattle feed.

Per 100 lbs..... \$2.75

Siberian Millet, Southern Grown.—Has the same general characteristics as the Northern Siberian except in that it grows much taller, yielding a heavier tonnage of hay per acre. Choice heavy seed of best quality.

Per 100 lbs..... \$2.90

Hungarian Millet, Home Grown.—Is one week earlier in maturity than German Millet, and seems to require less moisture; hay of excellent quality and high feeding value.

Per 100 lbs..... \$4.00

Japanese Millet.—Grows very rank and produces an immense yield of coarse hay that is much relished by all kinds of livestock. Claimed by many feeders to be even superior to fodder corn as a roughage. Entirely different from other millets in that it grows from five to seven feet high, being well adapted for moist low lands.

Per 100 lbs..... \$7.00

Hog Millet, Home Grown.—Seed which yields enormously as a grain crop, popular in districts where corn cannot be matured, as this seed is of high value in the fattening of swine, cattle and poultry. Makes good hay when cut very young. Choice first quality seed.

Per 100 lbs..... \$2.25

Early Fortune Millet, Home Grown.—A variety which is growing in popularity here in the Northwest as it matures in about 40 days, is a most attractive seed, being a beautiful red and about twice the size of German Millet. It produces a large yield of both seed and fodder and may be fed to both horses and cattle without injury, even when cut after the seed has matured. We offer North Dakota grown seed which has been thoroughly cleaned and of highest quality.

Per 100 lbs..... \$2.25

SEAMLESS BAGS EXTRA 40 CENTS EACH.



FARGO SEED HOUSE



GRASS SEED

Bromus Inermus.—The great drought and frost resisting grass for both hay and pasture. It starts in the spring two weeks earlier than the native prairie grasses and is still green in the fall after all other varieties are dead. Choice seed which we recommend as quack free.

Per 100 lbs., sacked..... \$12.50

Slender Wheat Grass.—(Often called Western Rye Grass). Affords excellent pasture and provides large quantities of hay; will thrive under very dry conditions on light soil; also thrives on alkali soil where other grasses fail.

Per 100 lbs., sacked..... \$9.00

Timothy.—Is the most important of all hay grasses as it adapts itself to such a wide range of soil and climatic conditions.

Per 100 lbs..... \$7.00

Timothy and Red Clover, Mixed.—Choice Minnesota grown with sprinkling of Red Clover, just as grown together.

Per 100 lbs..... \$10.00

Timothy and Alsike Clover Mixed.—This represents a mixture just as grown together and the sprinkling of Clover is just right to make excellent hay.

Per 100 lbs..... \$11.00

Blue Grass, Choice Kentucky.—Makes the choicest of pasture for all kinds of stock—is very hardy and withstands the extreme temperatures of our coldest winters as well as the dry, hot summers.

Per 100 lbs..... \$32.00

Red Top.—Is a native of our Northern prairies and adapts itself especially to low moist lands. Makes very fine hay and pasture and is much in demand for mixing with other grasses. We offer the choicest quality solid seed.

Per 100 lbs..... \$18.00

Lawn Grass Mixture.—Our Fargo Brand Mixture contains the choicest varieties which are particularly adapted to our Northern climatic conditions.

Per 100 lbs..... \$35.00

Medium Red Clover.—This is a choice hardy lot of heavy dark colored clover grown in Northern Minnesota, which we recommend most highly for sowing here in North Dakota.

Per 100 lbs..... \$23.00

Mammoth Red Clover.—Of high value for both hay and pasture, produces well on light sandy soil. Minnesota grown seed.

Per 100 lbs..... \$23.00

Alsike Clover.—One of our hardiest varieties which does well even on low moist land and withstands pasturage better than the Red Clovers. Minnesota grown.

Per 100 lbs..... \$30.00

White Dutch Clover.—A low growing variety which will stand very close cutting and pasturage. Much used as a mixture with other permanent grasses.

Per 100 lbs..... \$60.00

Sweet Clover.—(White Flowering Biennial). A valuable plant for both hay and pasture; also of high value as soiling crop.

Per 100 lbs..... \$14.00

Per 100 lbs., Scarified..... \$15.00

Yellow Flowering Biennial.—Per 100 lbs..... \$14.00

Per 100 lbs., Scarified..... \$15.00

NORTHERN GROWN ALFALFA

Alfalfa is rapidly becoming a necessary crop to every Northern farmer, and the production of seed here in the Northwest is increasing annually. It is recognized by all authorities that this Northern grown stock is preferable to that grown in the South Central States or in Europe.

Remember that instead of wearing out and exhausting the soil, Alfalfa builds up and enriches it and that it is important you plant Northern grown seed for best results.

Alfalfa, North Dakota Grown.—Raised under dry farming conditions in Williams County on some of the oldest fields in the State. Choice bold seed which is very hardy.

Per 100 lbs..... \$30.00

Alfalfa, Montana Grown.—Produced on non-irrigated land and from some of the oldest and best established fields in the State. This is hardy, vigorous seed which was produced under the most extreme drought conditions experienced in Montana during recent years. High in purity and stock which we can recommend to our trade as having been grown on non-irrigated fields.

Per 100 lbs..... \$30.00

Alfalfa, Imported.—Seed selected from the choicest of French and Italian grown stocks. Many of our best fields here in the Northwest originated from this variety.

Per 100 lbs..... \$23.00

Alfalfa, South Dakota Grown.—Out in the Black Hills district under dry farming conditions on old fields which have withstood many winters, so we can recommend this stock as being perfectly hardy and of highest purity.

Per 100 lbs..... \$26.00

Alfalfa, Grimm, N. D. Grown.—Is characterized by spreading roots instead of one main tap root; it also has a much wider crown than other varieties and is noted for its heavy stooling tendency. Our stocks are strictly Northern grown and come from only such fields as growers are able to make affidavits to the fact that they are furnishing the genuine Grimm variety.

Per 100 lbs..... \$50.00

Nitragin.—For Clover and Alfalfa inoculation. First quality Nitrogen-fixing bacteria which makes positive a good catch the first season.

One-half Acre Packages..... \$.50

One Acre Packages..... 1.00

Two Acre Packages..... 1.80

Five Acre Packages..... 4.00

Ten Acre Packages..... 7.50

SEED POTATOES

(Burlaps extra 10 cents each)

Early Ohio Potatoes.—Pure stock, hand sorted.
Per bushel..... \$1.10

Early Six Weeks Potatoes.—A very choice variety, much like the Early Ohio but earlier and more productive.
Per bushel..... \$1.20

Irish Cobbler Potatoes.—Heavy yielder; in demand by Southern seed trade. Early and hand sorted.
Per bushel..... \$1.20

ALL PRICES F. O. B. FARGO OR MOORHEAD.



FARGO SEED HOUSE



PARIS GREEN—LAVANBURG BRAND

We can supply this celebrated brand in any quantity. Write for prices.

ARSENATE OF LEAD.—One of the most powerful insecticides which is increasing in popularity with potato growers; furnished in powder form, to be used as spray.

1/2-lb. box.....	per lb.	.47
1-lb. box.....	per lb.	.44
5-lb. kit.....	per lb.	.40
10-lb. kit.....	per lb.	.37
20-lb. drum.....	per lb.	.35
50-lb. drum.....	per lb.	.34

CALCIUM ARSENATE—Grasseli Brand

1/2-lb. box.....	per lb.	.43
1-lb. box.....	per lb.	.40
5-lb. kit.....	per lb.	.36
10-lb. kit.....	per lb.	.33
20-lb. drum.....	per lb.	.31
50-lb. drum.....	per lb.	.30

FEED

Digester Tankage, "Red Seal".....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	\$4.50
Blood Meal, "Red Seal".....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	7.00
Blatchford's Calf Meal.....	Sacked, per 25 lbs.	1.50
Blatchford's Calf Meal.....	Sacked, per 50 lbs.	2.75
Blatchford's Calf Meal.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	5.50
Blatchford's Pig Meal.....	Sacked, per 25 lbs.	1.50
Blatchford's Pig Meal.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	5.50
Blatchford's Colt Meal.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	5.50
Linseed Oil Meal.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	3.00
Cotton Seed Meal.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	3.00

GROUND FEED AND MILL FEED

(Burlaps extra 10 cents each)

Ground Corn and Oats.....	Per 2000 lbs.	\$35.00
Ground Oats.....	Per 2000 lbs.	36.00
Ground Corn.....	Per 2000 lbs.	34.00
Dairy Feed—With corn (40% molasses).....	Per 2000 lbs.	30.00
Sheep Feed—Without corn (40% molasses).....	Per 2000 lbs.	28.00
Bran.....	Per 2000 lbs.	32.00
Shorts.....	Per 2000 lbs.	30.00

SALT TONIC BLOCKS FOR STOCK

Carey-ized Stock Tonic Blocks serve a double purpose in furnishing the necessary salt required for horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, combined with medicinal ingredients which act as a tonic and worm killer. The 3-lb. bricks are packed twelve to the carton, being designed for use in mangers and feed boxes. The 50-lb. blocks are packed separately, each container having the chemical analysis printed on the exterior.

Carey-ized Stock Tonic Bricks—12 3-lb. bricks, per carton.....	\$3.00
Carey-ized Stock Tonic Blocks—50-lb. blocks, each....	\$3.50

POULTRY SUPPLIES

(No charge for sacks)

Crushed Oyster Shells.....	Per 100 lbs.	\$1.75
Charcoal—(Granulated).....	Per 50 lbs.	2.50
Limestone Grits.....	Per 100 lbs.	1.00
Blatchford's Egg Mash.....	Per 25 lbs.	1.50
Blatchford's Egg Mash.....	Per 100 lbs.	5.00
Blatchford's Laying Mash.....	Per 100 lbs.	4.75
Blatchford's Milk Mash for Chicks.....	Per 25 lbs.	1.50
Blatchford's Milk Mash for Chicks.....	Per 100 lbs.	5.50
Meat Scraps.....	Per 100 lbs.	5.50
Granulated Bone, Medium.....	Per 100 lbs.	4.75
Alfalfa Meal.....	Per 100 lbs.	3.00
Scratch Food.....	Per 100 lbs.	3.00
Mixed Chick Starter.....	Per 100 lbs.	4.00

DR. L. D. LeGEAR'S POULTRY REMEDIES AND STOCK POWDERS

LeGear's Stock Powder—Small, each.....	\$.30
LeGear's Stock Powder—Medium, each.....	.60
LeGear's Stock Powder—Large, each.....	1.20
LeGear's Stock Powder—25-lb. pails, each.....	3.00
LeGear's Poultry Powder—Small, each.....	.30
LeGear's Poultry Powder—Medium, each.....	.60
LeGear's Poultry Powder—Large, each.....	1.20
LeGear's Poultry Powder—25-lb. pails, each.....	3.00
LeGear's Lice Killer—(Powder)—each.....	.30
LeGear's Dip and Disinfectant—Qt. Can, each.....	.75
LeGear's Liniment—Small, each.....	.50
LeGear's Liniment—Large, each.....	1.00
LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Oil—Small, each.....	.30
LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Oil—Large, each.....	.60
LeGear's Worm Remedy—Each.....	.60
Metal Sprayers—Each.....	.75

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES

Garden Fertilizer.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	\$3.75
Lawn Fertilizer.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	4.00
Sheep Manure Fertilizer.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	3.25
Ground Bone Fertilizer.....	Sacked, per 100 lbs.	4.25
Hand Grass Seeders.....	Each	1.75
Seamless Bags.....	Per 100	40.00
Burlap Bags.....	Per 100	10.00

Stim-U-Plant—Concentrated fertilizer in tablet form for house plants, garden and orchard.

10 Tablets.....	.15
30 Tablets.....	.25

Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum—(Land Plaster)
The mineral fertilizer. Particularly beneficial for clover and alfalfa, also beans and peas. Preserves the nitrogen in stable manure and makes it more valuable.

Sacked in 200-lb. bags.....	per sack	\$2.50
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SEAMLESS BAGS EXTRA 40 CENTS EACH.

GARDEN SEED ORDER BLANK
Fargo Seed House, Fargo, N. D.

Date _____ 1921

AMT. ENCLOSED.

Name _____ R. F. D. _____ Box _____

Postoffice _____ County _____ State _____

Railroad Station _____ Is There an agent there? _____
(If different from Postoffice, give name of town or city in which your freight or express office is located.)

Cash - - \$ _____
P. O. Order \$ _____
Exp. Order \$ _____
Draft - - \$ _____
Stamps - \$ _____
Total - \$ _____

Qty	Price per	oz.	lb.	pt.	qt.	dols.	cts.	Qty.	Price per	oz.	lb.	dols.	cts.
Beans—Imp. Golden Wax				25	40								
Prolific Black Wax				25	40				Amount Brought Forward				
Burpee's Bush Dwarf Lima				40	60			Ground Cherry	40	3	50		
Navy				20	30			Kohlrabi	20	1	50		
Beets—Early Blood Turnip	10	35						Lettuce—Early Prize Head	10		60		
Sugar—Vilmorin's Improved	10	40						Early Curled Simpson	10		60		
Mangel—Golden Tankard	10	30						Muskmelon—Ex. Ely. Hackens'k	10		75		
Mammoth Long Red	10	30						Onions—Large Red Wethersfield	20	1	65		
Cabbage—Early Jer. Wakefield	25	1	35					Red Globe	20	1	75		
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch	25	1	35					Yellow Globe Danvers	20	1	50		
Late Dwarf Flat Dutch	25	1	35					White Portugal	20	2	00		
Holland	25	2	50					Australian Brown	20	1	25		
Red Danish	25	2	50					White Pickling	30	2	50		
Cauliflower—Snowball	2	00						Parsley—Extra Curled	10		70		
Carrots—Belgian Yel. for stock	10	45						Parsnips—Hollow Crown	10		50		
Danvers—Half Long	10	50						Pepper—Royal King	50	5	00		
Ox Heart	10	50						Pimento	50	3	50		
Celery—White Plume	20	1	50					Pumpkin—Connecticut Field	10		65		
Swiss Chard	10	60						Sugar	10		70		
Citron—Early	10	60						Radish—French Breakfast	10		45		
Corn—Early Minnesota				20	30			Long Scarlet	10		45		
Country Gentleman				20	30			Early Scarlet Turnip	10		45		
Peep-o-Day				20	30			White Icicle	10		45		
Golden Bantam				20	30			Winter	10		45		
Evergreen				20	30			Sage	20	2	00		
Cucumber—Early Frame	10	75						Salsify	20	1	50		
Chicago Pickling	10	75						Spinach—Bloomdale Sav. leav.	10		35		
Green Cluster	10	75						Squash—Hubbard	15	1	10		
Long Green	10	90						Summer	10		90		
Dill	10	80						Sunflower	05		15		
Endive	10	70						Tomato—Acme	25	2	50		
Onion Sets				15	25			Livingstone Beauty	25	2	50		
Peas—Am. Wonder—Ely. Dwarf				30	50			Early Minnesota	25	2	50		
Alaska—Extra Early				30	40			Earliana	20	2	00		
McLean's Lit. Gem—Ely. Dwf.				30	50			Turnip—Purp. Top Wh. Globe	10		40		
Champion of England—Med.				30	50			Ruta Baga—Purple Top	10		40		
Everbearing—Medium				30	50			Watermelon—Extra Early	10		60		
Marrowfat				30	40			Sweet Peas—Flowering	10		75		
Total Amount of this Column								Total Amt. Garden Seed Order					

Our Garden Seeds are all carried in bulk, thus insuring our customers fresh stock each season. We pay postage on all small orders and offer only such varieties as are perfectly hardy and well adapted for Northwestern conditions.

FARGO SEED HOUSE.

SAVE TIME—TEAR OUT THIS PAGE HERE AND MAIL IT TO US AFTER FILLING IN LIST OF GARDEN SEED WANTED.

You Can Increase Your Crop Yields and Profits With **BEN FRANKLIN Agricultural Gypsum**

MORE crops to the acre means more money in your pocket. To increase your crop yields and your profits, you must enrich your soil: you must put back into the soil those elements which previous years' crops have removed.

*There's a
Right Way
and a
Wrong Way
to
Fertilize*

It's a waste of
good time and
money to put



Alfalfa at right is from plot treated with Agricultural Gypsum; on left from plot same size untreated. Oregon Exp. Sta. Bulletin 163.

into your soil
plant elements
which your soil
doesn't need. Kind
nature returns
most needed ele-
ments to your soil
by means of the
air and the water,
but some elements
you must put back.

Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum Restores those Elements that Soils Need

SULPHUR—Sulphur is one important plant element which must be artificially returned to the soil. Sulphur is used up by plants, and sulphur is also leached out of the soil by rain. Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum inexpensively supplies this vital element, sulphur—and supplies it in the form of sulphur that is immediately and completely available to the crop.

CALCIUM—Calcium is another element which must be artificially put back in the soil. If the soil lacks it, none of the other plant foods can work properly. And "Ben Franklin" directly supplies calcium.

NITROGEN—This is another element of which soils rapidly become depleted. But it isn't necessary to buy expensive nitrates for your soil; because science has found that nitrogen can be supplied cheaply, and in ample quantities for all general farming, by two natural methods:

First, by growing legume crops, such as alfalfa, clover, peas, beans and vetch, with an application of Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum. Legume crops have the property of storing nitrogen in soils through their root "nodules"—and Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum greatly increases the growth of legume crops—frequently as much as 500%—and it also greatly increases the number and size of the root nodules and their power to "fix" nitrogen.

The second method of restoring nitrogen is by putting stable manure on the soil, and this will be much more beneficial if the manure be treated with Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum.

Use "Ben Franklin" on Stable Manure

Nitrogen in manure is liberated in the form of ammonia. It has been estimated that every dollar's worth of Agricultural Gypsum that the farmer puts on his manure pile prevents the escape of \$2.00 worth of nitrogen.

POTASH—"Ben Franklin" has the property of unlocking the potash present in the soil and setting it to work. The effect is thus the same as if potash were added, and the cost is but a small fraction as much.

Agricultural Gypsum Is Not Lime

Do not confuse Agricultural Gypsum and Lime. Lime is not a plant food like Agricultural Gypsum, but it is a soil sweetener. Use lime in addition to "Ben Franklin" when your soil is sour.

Crops on Which "Ben Franklin" Gives Greatest Results

Legume crops—alfalfa, clover, beans, peas, vetch, etc. Crops of the Mustard Family—mustard, turnips, radishes, rape, cabbages, cauliflower, kale, collards, etc. Other crops—potatoes, tobacco, corn, buckwheat, berry bushes. Give "Ben Franklin" an opportunity to do for you what it did for the farmers whose letters appear on the back of this circular.

Broadcast or drill in two or three bags per acre.

Price; \$2.50 per 200-lb. bag

F. O. B., FARGO, N. D.

Mfd. by

**UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO.
CHICAGO**

FARGO SEED HOUSE, Fargo, No. Dak.

Distributors

WHAT FARMERS SAY ABOUT BEN FRANKLIN Agricultural Gypsum

INCREASES OATS 50 PERCENT

"I used Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum on one-half acre of oats, and crop shows at least 50 percent increase over portion of field not treated."

JOE PICARD
Silva, No. Dak.

\$2.00 A ROW MORE FOR POTATOES

"I found Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum to be beneficial on potatoes, carrots, rutabagas and radishes. It increased my potato yield about 35 percent. I dug rows not treated with the Ben Franklin and sold them for an average of \$5.00 a row; potatoes dug on ground treated brought an average of \$7.00 a row, the rows being of same length and planted at same time."

H. J. MARSHALL,
Minot, No. Dak.

August 6, 1920.

30 PERCENT INCREASE ON POTATOES

"I found the potatoes on which Ben Franklin was used more matured and 30 percent larger than on the untreated patch."

GROVER DRUMMOND,
Esmond, No. Dak.

August 4, 1920.

IMPROVES CORN, POTATOES, TURNIPS

"I used Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum on potatoes, corn, turnips, etc., and find that it greatly advances growth. We took three of the largest turnips from plot where Ben Franklin was used and three of the largest from plot where it was not used, and found there was a difference of $\frac{3}{4}$ pound in favor of the former."

OSCAR N. HEGSTAD,
Oberon, No. Dak.

August 2, 1920

GETS BIG RESULTS ON BEANS AND PEAS

"In reply to your letter of the 12th inst., would say that the Ben Franklin seemed to increase the growth of beans and peas to a great extent. I fully believe that it is a great soil food."

ROBERT ANDERSON,
Doyon, No. Dak.

August 15, 1920.

INCREASES BEANS 50 PERCENT, POTATOES 30 PERCENT

"We used Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum on one-half acre of potatoes and patch of beans. On the potatoes the portion of the field treated showed an increase in yield of about 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ percent, and the beans treated were larger than the untreated by about 50 percent."

P. A. ROMINE,
Silva, No. Dak.

August 4, 1920.

SAVED HIS CORN CROP

"I think your Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum is just O. K., because where it was put on the soil was the only place I had any corn this year, the rest turned out to be nothing but weeds. I know it is just what this Western soil needs, as wheat is a soil robber. Many thanks to Ben Franklin, I highly recommend it to every farmer."

FRANK H. FULLER,
Kimball, Nebr.

September 29, 1920.

GETS GOOD RESULTS ON OATS

"I applied 200 pounds of Ben Franklin on one acre of oats ground and the yield was 74 bushels, while on ground untreated the yield was only 65 bushels per acre. The stalks were longer and heads much larger on the treated portion."

WM. EHR,
Minot, No. Dak.

October 12, 1920.

POTATO YIELD INCREASED 40 PERCENT

"This spring I planted potatoes on ordinary soil. A week later I planted some with Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum. The Ben Franklin treated patch are 40 percent larger, although planted later and affected by more dry weather."

B. OSTBY,
Sheyenne, No. Dak.

August 2, 1920.

ADVISES EVERY FARMER TO USE ON ALFALFA

"I have tried your Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum on my alfalfa crop and cannot recommend it too highly. I would advise every farmer to use it, as it gives a heavier growth and better color to the plants."

J. PONTO,
Sheyenne, No. Dak.

October 15, 1920.

FOUR BUSHEL MORE CORN TO ACRE

"I must say that Ben Franklin Ag. Gypsum advances the growth of corn two weeks ahead of corn planted without it. The yield where Ben Franklin was used is four bushels more to the acre; both plots of land were worked under same conditions."

ADOLPH GRIMM,
Elkhorn, Nebr.

October 29, 1920.

IS CERTAINLY A SUCCESS

"On the plants where I used Ben Franklin I obtained very satisfactory returns. Every kind of vegetable it was tried on grew more rapidly and looked so much greener. Ben Franklin is certainly a success."

J. A. WAINWRIGHT,
Gretna, Nebr.

October 19, 1920.

INCREASES GARDEN PLANTS 50 PERCENT

"I applied your Ben Franklin on my garden this year according to directions, and it increased the growth of plants 50 percent over other year's growth. The results were specially good on lettuce, radishes, strawberries and potatoes. I certainly will use it next year and highly recommend it."

JOSEPH L. BAIREY,
Brookings, So. Dak.

August 2, 1920.

CABBAGES AND TOMATOES SHOW BENEFIT

"Where Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum was applied to my cabbage the heads are already four inches in diameter, while the untreated cabbage are only half as high with heads still unformed. Had equal success with tomatoes; the treated bushes being twice as high as the untreated and are now bearing."

C. J. LANGE,
Dundee, Ill.

August 4, 1920.

BIG RESULTS ON CLOVER

"Where Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum was applied to clover, the crop is rank, fresh and the roots are large and healthy. Where not applied, we have a great number of bare and dead spots through the field and there is scarcely any comparison between the two crops."

LEE & DERRICK,
Per H. G. Derrick,
Anoka, Minn.

July 29, 1920.

INCREASES ALFALFA ONE-THIRD

"In regard to Agricultural Gypsum, I tried it on alfalfa and am pleased to say that it improved my crop fully one-third over portion untreated."

JOS. B. HEMMELGARN,
Perham, Minn.

July 25, 1920.

IMPROVES POTATOES IN IOWA

"After applying Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum to my garden, noticed a marked improvement, particularly on potatoes, of which I have never had a better yield. Intend using it again and will recommend to my friends."

F. J. FRIEDLEIN,
Guttenberg, Iowa

August 2, 1920.

FROM A COUNTY AGENT

"Your letter of the 19th received. In reply I should state that I visited H. L. Arnold's farm and viewed the test plot of clover treated with Ben Franklin Agricultural Gypsum. I noted that the clover on the test plot showed a darker color, a taller, denser and ranker growth than did clover grown alongside where lime has been applied. The lime plot showed some improvement over the unlimed but not as much as the plot treated with Agricultural Gypsum."

D. C. DVORACEK, County Agent
Bemidji, Minn.

July 21, 1920.



Untreated, Wt., 1 lb. 12 oz:

Treated with "Ben Franklin," 2 lbs. 7 oz.

Potatoes grown by B. Ostby, Sheyenne, N. Dak. His letter is shown above.

 PLEASE USE THIS SHEET FOR YOUR ORDER



ORDER SHEET FOR FARGO BRAND SEEDS


FIELD SEEDS · SEED GRAIN · GARDEN SEEDS

From the **FARGO SEED HOUSE**

Corner Broadway & Front St.

Fargo, N. Dak.

Warehouses and Elevators 503 to 519 Front Street.

 Please write your name and address distinctly and in full with each order. Old customers who have moved since last season will please state their former address also. Extra order sheets and return envelopes on application.

FARGO SEED HOUSE—Please ship the following goods on the terms and conditions stated on page one of your price list.

Date.....19

Name.....

WRITE PLAINLY

Post Office.....

County.....State.....

P. O. Box or St. R. F. D. No.

[EXPRESS ☐ R. R. Station.....

HOW SHIP } **EXPRESS**
(Mark with X) } **FREIGHT**

We exercise extreme care in the filling of all orders, but give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to quality, description, or productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds we send out, and will in no way be responsible for the crop.

NOTICE—Our terms are cash with order which may be sent by draft, money order or registered letter. Postage stamps may be sent if more convenient. Shipping C.O.D. adds an unnecessary expense.

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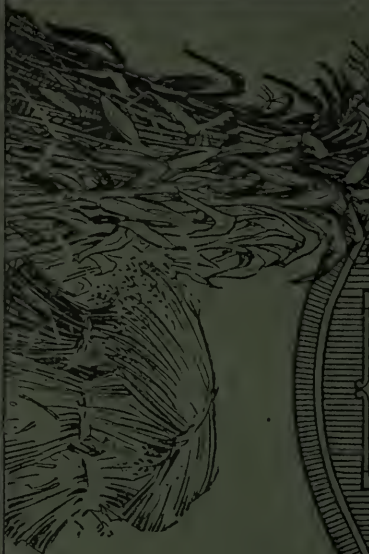


Fargo Seed House
--- Fargo, North Dakota ---



ANNUAL of FARM SEEDS

1921



Hort. and Pom. No. 201.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Official Business.

Penalty for Private Use, \$300.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture,

Washington, D. C.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY,
Horticultural and Pomological Investigations.

8-2802

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FARGO, N.D.
PERMIT NO. 2

**GROWERS, CLEANERS, JOBBERS
FIELD SEEDS & SEED GRAIN**
Our North Dakota grown kiln dried corn matures every season

